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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/620,346	07/17/2003	Hiroshi Sumi	Q76616	8680
65565 SUGHRUE-265	7590 09/25/200 [°] 5550	EXAMINER		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LVANIA AVE. NW	LAM, CATHY FONG FONG		
WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1775	
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/25/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/620,346	SUMI ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Cathy Lam	1775			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THE O	ATION. ly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 Ju	<u>ne 2007</u> .				
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-10 and 15</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>15</u> is/are withdrawn fr Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1,2 and 4-10</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	rom consideration.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	epted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyanc on is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
2) Notice 3) Information	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/	mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date ormal Patent Application			

Application/Control Number: 10/620,346 Page 2

Art Unit: 1775

DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on June 28, 2007 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

It is vague and indefinite as to what "an inorganic material" is referring to? Is this inorganic material referring to the SiO₂ particles and the ceramic particles in claim 1? Clarification is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

3. Claims 1, 2, 4, 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Kang et al (US 5296189).

Kang discloses a conductive composition comprised of copper particles and alumina particles. The conductive composition is formed into a conductive paste which is screen-printed onto a ceramic substrate to from a printed circuit board. The conductive paste may be filled into via holes of the ceramic substrate or printed onto the surface of the ceramic substrate (col 6 L 40-43 & L 54-56).

Application/Control Number: 10/620,346

Art Unit: 1775

The conductive composition that comprised of copper particles having initial particles size of 2 to 5 μ m and the alumina particles of 0.05 to 0.1 μ m (or 50-100 nm) in average (col 5 L 43-45 & L 68-col 6 L 1). Kang further teaches that other inorganic materials such as titania (or TiO₂) and silica (or SiO₂) are feasible and have the same function as alumina (Al₂O₃) particles (col 4 L 34-35). The amount of alumina particles is 0.5 to 2 wt% (col 4 L 40-41).

The conductive composition further comprises of an organic vehicle and/or binder (col 9 L 39-40).

The prior art is silent about the resistivity of the conductive layer, the examiner is taking the position that since Kang's conductive paste meets the claimed composition, inherently Kang's copper paste possesses the same resistivity.

The examiner is taking the position that Kang teaches claims 6, 8-9, since average size of the alumina particles is 0.05 µm, i.e. < 2 µm. Kang further teaches that such small size alumina particles is for a more homogeneous mixture with the copper power and to reduce interparticle porosities (col 6 L 1-12). This implies that the inorganic particles are evenly dispersed with the copper particles and formed a homogeneous conductive layer (col 4 L 57-61).

Regarding to claim 7, Kang teaches a multilayer printed circuit board, and the conductive paste that is formed in the via holes and between the ceramic substrates, the examiner is taking the position that the conductive paste is subjected to a plating treatment (col 6 L 51-56).

Art Unit: 1775

Kang teaches the present invention but does not specifically teach having both SiO₂ and ceramic particles, however in view of column 4 lines 30-35, it clearly shows that TiO₂ and SiO₂ have the same function as Al₂O₃, thus choosing two of more of these sintering retardant materials is conventional in the art.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kang et al (US 5296189).

Kang discloses the ceramic substrate that is formed of crystallizable glass particles that are densified to from a green sheet (col 7 L 8-13).

The crystallizable glass particles can include lithium disilicate and/or eucriptite, both of which containing lithium and in the form of an alkali metal oxide (col 9 L 3-20).

Kang is silent about the mol% of the alkali metal oxide in the green sheet. In view of Kang's teaching, one skill in the art would choose a workable amount because it only involves routine experimentation.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed on June 04, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant traverse the art rejection and raises the following issue:
- A. The average particle of SiO₂ is not less than 50 nm, such thereby not disclosed by Kang.

In respond to the above issue:

A. Applicant in the specification (page 7 line 19) does not restrict the SiO_2 to be less than 50nm, it only says "preferably 50 nm or less". Even (assuming) the SiO_2 is < 50

Application/Control Number: 10/620,346 Page 5

Art Unit: 1775

nm is necessary, applicant is required to provide evident or data (if any) showing that using the present claimed SiO₂ size over Kang's ceramic particles' size would give a noticeable difference to the whole structure. Meanwhile, the examiner is sustaining the art rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cathy Lam whose telephone number is (571) 272-1538. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am-6pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jennifer McNeil can be reached on (571) 272-1540. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Cathy Lam

Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1775

Art Unit 1//

cfl September 13, 2007